11. What two Proverbs tell us that it is not good to show partiality?	23. James was using a hypothetical story to make his point but he was presenting it because of what?
12. What is an example of how churches can be guilty of showing partiality (or being a respecter of persons)?	24. James does not do what in relation to the person who visit's the assembly?
13. James opened his letter by giving us instruction on what?	25. In the synagogues of the 1st century, what were limited?
14. In James 1:19-27, James transitioned to the importance of being a what?	26. What were the two serious wrongs connected to the personal favoritism James addresses?
15. Who is the audience to whom James is writing?	27. A common mind-set of that time was the poor man was someone who was NOT what?
16. It was possible, even very likely, that the believers to whom James wrote were experiencing mistreatment from whom?	28. What were the "evil thoughts" or "motives" that James addresses?
17. Most of the communities within the Roman empire didn't have a positive view of whom?	29. We need to let go of what mentality?
18. Why does James refer to "our glorious Lord Jesus Christ" instead	30. We have to be careful to not take verse 5 the wrong way and develop a bad attitude towards whom?
of just referring to "Jesus"?	31. Status is a hindrance from coming to Christ for many people because most people who have a lot going for them don't see what?
19. What did the enemies of Jesus admit about Him?	32. Status is also a hindrance because to come into the family of God
20. The fact that you and I are Christians in the family of God is proof that the Lord doesn't do what?	one must humble himself and do what?
	33. In verse 6 James is pointing out the foolishness of what?
21. Not only are we nobodies. We are also what?	24. Versa 8 is talling baliavers to love all people the same whether rich
22. Why is it easy to kowtow to the rich, the powerful, or influential people of society?	34. Verse 8 is telling believers to love all people the same, whether rich or poor, because of what?

- 35. We all naturally love whom?
- 36. Respecter of persons makes one a what?
- 37. Do we/you play favorites?
- 38. Do we/you show favoritism?
- 39. Do we/you show partiality to some people over others?

God did not give you His Word to make you a smarter sinner. He gave you His Word to make you more like His Son. Apply what you learn! Remember: Your responsibility, by God's enabling, is to consistently apply the divine principles and truths you have heard (Philippians 2:12-13; I Timothy 4:7-9; James 1:22-27). As you meditate on this message, ask yourself these questions:

- ***How does God want my beliefs/actions to change?
- → How can I accomplish this change?
- » What is the first step toward bringing about this change?

For Next Time:

- 1) Read James 1:1-2:13 one time
- 2) Read James 2:1-13 each day this week.
- 3) What was the purpose of God's law?
- 4) How many of the 10 commandments are reiterated in the New Testament?
 - 5) Are they are little sins? If so, which ones?

If you were arrested for being a Christian, would there be enough evidence to convict you?

(A CD, DVD, video, or cassette tape of this sermon is available. Order forms are located in any of the AV order centers in the church.

DON'T PLAY FAVORITES

James 2:1-9 (Series #10)

The following are questions designed to facilitate greater learning and deeper understanding of spiritual truths presented in the sermon "Don't Play Favorites." All of the questions are answered as the sermon is presented. We hope that it will be a catalyst to spiritual growth in your life.

- 1. It would be nice if Christians never played what?
- 2. When describing the playing of favorites, some Bible translations use what phrase?
- 3. Does the Bible speak **un**favorably of being respect**ful** toward people?
- 4. Where do we find the commands, "Honor all people. Love the brotherhood. Fear God. Honor the king"?
- 5. What are two ways we can be a respecter of persons?
- 6. God's word teaches that being a respecter of persons in the sense of showing partiality or favoritism is a what?
- 7. Literally, James 2:9 says that you commit sin if you treat people differently because of what?
- 8. Partiality in James 2 is linked with what other sins?
- 9. God judged the spiritual leaders of Israel for what?
- 10. What passages tell us that God is no respecter of persons?

**To help protect the quality of recording the sermon, we ask that you quietly turn to the inside of this study guide. Thank you! We appreciate your help.